BEFORE YOU GO
A Handbook for Adventure Cycling's Inn-to-Inn Tours

adventurecycling.org/tours
Congratulations! You have taken the first step in fulfilling your cycling dreams by registering for an Adventure Cycling tour. Whether you are a seasoned or first time cyclist, preparing yourself physically, mentally, and logistically for your tour is a crucial part of enjoying your adventure.

Please take time to carefully read this booklet as it will help you prepare for, and will enhance, your experience on tour. We have made several revisions to this Before You Go booklet including changes in Adventure Cycling policies, gear checklists, and what to expect on your tour. Reading it now will save anxiety later on.

Of course you can also always call the Tours Department at Adventure Cycling with questions about your tour or the information in this booklet. Happy trails!

-Adventure Cycling Tours Team

In addition to this brochure, you will receive a detailed information packet approximately 60 days prior to your tour departure date. The packet will provide logistical details about transportation, shipping your bike, and where to meet at the start of the tour.

IMPORTANT

TRAVEL INSURANCE

Adventure Cycling Association’s tours team sincerely wishes for every trip participant to attend and complete the tour of their choice. In an effort to plan for unexpected personal emergencies, health issues, weather, and transportation problems that might cause you to cancel or shorten your trip, travel insurance is strongly advised. Adventure Cycling recommends that you purchase travel insurance from TripAssure at: adventurecycling.org/travelinsurance

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PREPARING FOR YOUR TOUR

The demands placed on you and your bicycle by a multi-day tour are much greater than those encountered on a casual day-ride. Use the following checklist and the tips contained within this booklet to get ready for your tour. Refer to page 5 for on-tour policies and procedures.

PREPARATION CHECK LIST

Upon receiving your confirmation packet:

- Please read all materials sent to you from Adventure Cycling. If you still have questions, call the Tours Department at 800.611.8687, or e-mail us at: tours@adventurecycling.org.

- Trip insurance is highly recommended.

- Before purchasing non-refundable travel tickets, call the Adventure Cycling office to make sure your tour is a definite “Go.” We determine this at least 60 days prior to the trip start date.

- Ride your bicycle as much as possible!

90 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- Final balance due. Pay online or call the tours department.

60 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- If you haven’t already started, don’t wait any longer to begin training. Begin with rides of 20 miles or more a day, several times a week, working into longer day rides on the weekends. If weather or other circumstances prohibit this, use an indoor trainer, stationary bicycle or other form of exercise that taxes the cardiovascular system.

- Arrange transportation for yourself and your bike.

45 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- Continue your training rides. Work up to 40- to 60-mile rides on at least one day each week, depending on the tour for which you’re preparing.
30 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- Make final purchases of clothing and equipment.
- Make certain that all repairs and maintenance, including lubrication, are made on your bike.
- Buy an extra pair of glasses or contacts and get a copy of your prescription.
- Continue your training rides, working up to 50-to 70-mile day rides on weekends. (You might try for a century - 100 miles in a day - if you're taking a trip of more than three weeks.) Seek out hills and varied terrain, attempting to simulate the type of riding you'll encounter on your tour.

14 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- Be certain you've used all your equipment and know how it works.
- Make sure your bike is fully tuned and ready.
- Continue training rides; try to do at least one overnight "shakedown" trip with a fully loaded bike. It's better to discover and take care of problems before your tour begins.
- Pack your bike in a reinforced box and ship it, if it's not traveling with you (see page 18).

7 DAYS BEFORE YOU GO

- Fill medical prescriptions to last longer than your trip.
These “Rules of the Road” are important tour policies. They’ve evolved during the four decades that Adventure Cycling has been leading tours, and are based on what we’ve learned from actual on-the-road experience. Please heed these rules; remember that a group, with its diverse personalities, requires a basic structure in order to function smoothly.

- A helmet (ASTM, CPSC, and/or Snell approved) **MUST** be worn while riding, both during the day’s ride and for any short trips from your overnight destination.
- Headphones or dual ear pieces (except hearing aids) are not allowed while riding.
- Obey traffic laws and ride single file; drafting is discouraged.
- Whenever stopping, get at least 10 feet off the road. If there isn’t room to do this, ride on to a safer area.
- Display the provided safety triangle on yourself or your bike so that it is visible from behind.
- Alcoholic beverages will not be purchased with group funds.
- Tour leaders have the right and responsibility to insist that a participant receive professional medical attention if the leader feels it is necessary.
- Don’t park bicycles against windows, gas pumps or near doorways or stairs.
- Do not use personal eating utensils, knives, etc. to prepare group food.
- Never take personal food into a restaurant.
- Do not hitchhike.

**NOTE:** Failure to follow Adventure Cycling’s “Rules of the Road” or to carry out your share of group responsibilities is grounds for dismissal from an Adventure Cycling tour, as is any other behavior detrimental to your group’s well being.
YOUR GROUP AND TOUR LEADERS

YOUR GROUP
Your group will be comprised of riders covering a broad spectrum of age and experience. We generally have a mix of men and women, most of whom come solo. We also welcome riders from all over the world, and every imaginable occupation is represented. Many participants are seasoned cyclotourists, while some are first-timers. To facilitate the exchange of pre-trip information, you and your fellow participants will be added to a Google Group approximately 60 days before the start of your tour. More information about how to use the group will be included in the Tour Information Packet.

While Adventure Cycling tours are designed to allow as much personal freedom as possible, each group member will have certain responsibilities to the group. As in any group travel situation, flexibility and the ability to compromise are essential. New friends and great camaraderie are the end results.

TOUR LEADERS
Adventure Cycling leaders are experienced bicycle travelers who have completed Adventure Cycling’s training programs. They attend to the logistics of your tour and help the group reach a consensus when decisions need to be made. They’re certified in first aid and CPR, and many are trained bicycle mechanics who can assist with simple, on-the-road repairs and maintenance.

The leaders can’t do everything for you, however. Their purpose is to facilitate your touring experience. They will provide leadership and support but in many ways you must rely on yourself. Please know how to read a map, and repair a flat tire prior to your arrival at the tour start.

GUESTS AND PERSONAL VEHICLES
Due to liability factors, no personal vehicles or non-riding participants are allowed to accompany any of Adventure Cycling’s van-supported, self contained, inn to inn or educational tours. If you are interested in SAG support or non-rider accompaniment, please look into our fully supported tours.
INSURANCE

Health Insurance: We strongly suggest that you continue, or obtain, major medical coverage during your tour. Existing homeowner’s, tenant’s, or auto insurance could be useful in case of theft during your tour. Check with your insurance agent before you suspend existing coverage.

Travel Insurance: Our sincere wish is for every trip participant to attend and complete the tour of their choice. In an effort to plan for unexpected personal emergencies, health issues, weather, and transportation problems that might cause you to cancel or shorten your trip, travel insurance is strongly advised! Adventure Cycling and TripAssure are now working together to offer comprehensive travel insurance packages, which you can find at: adventurecycling.org/travelinsurance/ or by calling 800.423.3632.

PERSONAL FINANCES
A major credit card is a good emergency backup, but should be supplemented by cash or a debit card. A budget of $10.00 to $15.00 a day is typical for incidentals such as postage, snacks, souvenirs and beverages.

WEATHER
The rule regarding weather is: prepare for the worst, but hope for the best. In the western states, expect any kind of weather at any time of the year. You may encounter hot days (100°F), cold nights (below freezing), rain, snow and parching sunshine. Because the humidity is typically lower in the west, dehydration can occur without sensible perspiration loss. Be sure to consume plenty of fluids even if you don’t feel thirsty.

In the Midwest and East, the humidity often rises above 90%, and when combined with high temperatures, can be especially energy-sapping. The rule of thumb for avoiding dehydration and low energy levels is to drink before you are thirsty and eat before you are hungry. Some tour groups opt for early morning departures to avoid midday heat. In mountainous areas, the weather can be particularly varied and unpredictable, and people vary in their abilities to adapt to high altitudes. Being in good physical condition seems to help, and participants often elect to arrive early in order to acclimate themselves to higher elevations.

WHAT YOU RECEIVE
Inn-to-Inn tour prices include meals, inn/motel accommodations, maps, a safety triangle and cycling swag. Items not included are transportation to
INN-TO-INN TOURS

and from the tour, personal spending money, overnight accommodations other than those used by the group, bicycle repairs and parts, extra snacks and alcohol.

Group funds are carried by the leader to cover group meals, overnights and miscellaneous expenses.

RIDING PACE
Some folks ride quickly and arrive at the overnight location as soon as possible; others take their time and get there just in time for dinner. Participants are encouraged to ride in groups of five or fewer cyclists. Most individuals end up riding with others who ride at a similar pace. All riders will receive maps as well as a briefing on the day’s designated route, but each cyclist is responsible for finding their way during the day. The leader or other designated person will normally be at the rear of the entire group, “riding sweep.”

MEALS
On your Inn-to-Inn trip, you’ll be eating breakfast and dinner with your group in a restaurant. There may be a limited menu available to the group, but some restaurants will allow any menu item to be selected. Your leader will select restaurants with a wide variety of food, including vegetarian options for each meal.

Lunch will be prepared in the morning and you’ll carry your own lunch on your bike. This gives you the flexibility to be able to eat your lunch whenever you wish. Lunch generally consists of sandwiches (a meat and veggie option), fruit and perhaps a sweet option. Peanut butter and jelly will pretty much always be available, of course.

Your leader will carry any leftover lunch supplies, and all group gear necessary to prepare the lunch on their bike - you won’t have to carry anything except for your own lunch. Consider bringing a plastic container (similar to a Tupperware sandwich-size container) to carry your lunch so that it doesn’t get smashed in your panniers or trailer.

INN-TO-INN OVERNIGHT LOCATIONS
Adventure Cycling Inn-to-Inn trips have a variety of overnight locations, ranging from historic Inns to budget motels. Our tours tend to fall on the “low” to “medium” end of the luxury scale - our bicycle travel philosophy is geared toward allowing the bicycle traveler to immerse themselves in the history and cultural fabric of the area they are traveling through, and we feel that staying in a “luxury” accommodation removes the traveler from that which they are traveling through.
Double occupancy rooms are included in the tour fee and are provided each night. Your group may stay in a hostel. We strive to find places with wifi availability.

**EQUIPMENT**
Adventure Cycling provides each group with group gear sufficient to prepare a simple lunch. A basic tool kit and first aid kit are also supplied. Please note that your bike may require unique tools. Please review the Tool Kit list on page 17; please bring along a patch kit, pump and any special tools you require that are not on the list. All group equipment must be returned to Adventure Cycling after the tour.

You provide your own eating utensils and a container for carrying your lunch. You are also responsible for your own bicycle and panniers or trailer.

**START POINT FACILITIES**
Your tour will begin with indoor accommodations on the afternoon or evening of Day 1, the “Start” date on your payment receipt (except on tours with other instructions). Allow time before the meeting to assemble your bicycle, since you will begin riding the next morning. Many participants, including the leader in most cases, arrive at the starting point a day or two early, which makes for a more relaxed beginning to the trip.

**DAILY CYCLING DISTANCE AND CONDITIONS**
Adventure Cycling Inn-to-Inn tours are on fixed itineraries. We have made reservations for the group at inns or motels along the way, and it is not possible to reschedule these reservations for a group as large as yours.
Riding distances are generally about 40 to 60 miles a day depending on surface and terrain. Tours on gravel roads and or trails have lower daily miles but 35-50 miles on rough surfaces is equivalent in difficulty to approximately 50-70 miles on pavement.

For any tour, it is important to train prior to leaving; even with preparation, it is challenging to pedal a loaded bicycle day in and day out. Weather is unpredictable—you may find yourself riding through rainstorms, fighting headwinds, or cycling in oppressive heat. You may also be climbing passes or sharing the road with coal and/or logging trucks, depending on the tour you choose.

The challenges of touring with Adventure Cycling are balanced by the fact that you meet them at your own pace. There is a lot of freedom on Adventure Cycling trips, with groups normally splitting into groups of two to four during the riding day to allow for varying interests and cycling speeds.
LAYOVER DAYS
The time allotted for each tour typically includes a layover day every seven to ten days. Layover-day locations are often selected in areas of significant interest, such as national parks or monuments, or other locations that offer special services (i.e., bike shops). On these days, you may participate in a variety of activities: you can go for a day ride, choose to explore off-the-bike possibilities, relax, etc.

SIDE TRIPS
Each side trip can be no longer than three days. All side trips require the consent of the leader. During the side trip, you are responsible for your own expenses, and for arrangements to leave and rejoin the group.

LATE ARRIVAL AND EARLY TOUR TERMINATION
Sorry, but there will be no refunds for arriving late to a tour or for leaving the tour early.
CHOOSING A BICYCLE

The main factors to consider are comfort and function. We’ve seen people enjoy themselves on nearly every type of bicycle. We’ve had traditional touring bikes, racing bikes, mountain bikes, recumbents, hybrids, tandems and even triples join our events. The key is to make sure that you choose the appropriate type of bike for your tour and that you’re comfortable on it.

BIKE FRAMES
For touring, frames should be designed for stable handling, and have adequate tire/fender clearance and eyelets for attaching racks and water bottle cages. More and more, road tourists are using mountain bikes; they can be more comfortable, and they’re more stable when negotiating potholes and gravel stretches. Standard knobby tires add to rolling resistance, but they can be replaced with slick tires (inflatable up to 90 pounds) for paved-road tours. Hybrid or cyclo-cross bikes combine characteristics of both mountain and touring bikes, and are another option.

WHEELS AND TIRES
Wheels are one of the two most crucial components of a loaded touring bicycle (the other is proper gearing). Aluminum rims of 22 millimeters or wider offer strength, light weight, and a good surface for braking. They also accommodate wider tires (28 – 32 mm) that better absorb road shock and bumps. For loaded touring, a 36-spoke wheel is preferable to 32 spokes and good hand-built wheels are stronger and more durable.

GEARS
Gears are measured in gear inches; your bike shop can explain how these are computed. For loaded touring, a top gear of 95 inches is adequate, and a 22-inch low gear will serve you well on steep climbs. To quickly check your own bike, or when shopping for a new
one, look for 24 to 28 teeth on the small chain-ring (attached to the pedal crank arm), and 30 to 34 teeth on the largest sprocket of the freewheel. The SMALLER the number of teeth on the small chain-ring and the GREATER number of teeth on the biggest freewheel sprocket, the easier it will be to pedal up hills.

**BRAKES**
Using side-pull, disc, or cantilever brakes is a matter of personal preference although disc brakes generally have better performance in the rain.

**HANDLEBARS**
Dropped handlebars, standard on road bicycles, or upright handlebars with extensions, standard on mountain and hybrid bikes, both work well. The key is to have a variety of hand positions available to prevent pain or numbing in the hands.

**WHERE TO BUY**
The best bicycle will fail if it is not properly assembled. A reputable bike shop will be your best bet for reliable service. Selecting a dealer who conscientiously assembles and guarantees the bicycles they sell is even more important than the name on the bike.
GETTING IN SHAPE

You’ll be surprised by how well your body will adapt to new physical challenges. But, unless you adequately prepare yourself, the first few days on a tour could be unpleasant – or even bring your trip to a grinding halt.

CAUTION: It is advised that you receive a thorough physical exam by a medical doctor before your tour. If you have any doubts about your condition, consider having a stress test and EKG. A sports-oriented physician should be well-versed in the special demands placed on the body by cycling.

PRE-TRIP PHYSICAL

Let your doctor know that you will be doing a bicycle tour, and discuss your daily target mileage and the type of terrain that you’ll be covering. Remember that riding at higher elevations presents significant challenges, as do extreme weather conditions.

Tell your physician about the special stresses your body will experience while touring. Your cardiovascular system, eyes and skin (from sun and wind), muscles and connective tissues (especially knees), nerves in your hands (from road shock), and your gastro-intestinal system (from varied water sources, irregular meals, and sustained daily exercise) all may be affected to a certain degree.

CONDITIONING

Begin your training at a mileage that feels comfortable, whether it is 5 miles or 25 miles. Try to ride 3-4 days per week. Gradually increase mileage, working up to 70-mile day rides over the course of several weeks. In training for a tour, riding speed is less important than endurance and time spent on the bike. The goal is to eventually ride several consecutive days (as you will on tour) and spend as much time as possible in the saddle. Commuting to and from work is one good way to help gain fitness.

Be sure to take some long rides fully loaded, to “feel at home” with the added weight of full panniers or trailer. Ideally, you should take at least one overnight trip, which will help you determine if you’ve packed wisely, and give you a chance to test your equipment while there’s still time to make changes or adjustments.

Lastly, it is important that you avoid overtraining. If you should begin to feel increasingly tired, depressed, or irritable or begin to dread riding, you may be training too hard or too often. By the start of your tour, you do not want to feel “burned out” or suffer from sore knees. Listen to your body and rest when necessary.

RIDING SKILLS

To become familiar with riding a loaded bike, pack and ride as you would for your tour. Practice riding until you can look back without veering to either side. Although not required, Adventure Cycling recommends the use of a rearview mirror. A rearview mirror attached to your helmet or handlebars can make checking behind you easier. Don’t make abrupt steering movements, especially on downhills or on slippery surfaces, or your tires may lose traction. Avoid pedaling when you’re leaning into a turn; your pedal or toe clip could catch on the pavement and cause you to fall. Hold the inside pedal at the top of the revolution.
A FEW TIPS

• Relax as you ride, and take a break and stretch every couple of hours.
• Eat and drink frequently, in small amounts.
• Drink 4 - 5 quarts of water daily.
• Avoid injuring your knees; “spin” at a cadence of 90 to 110 rpm.
• Avoid sore hands (and road rash in the case of a fall) by wearing cycling gloves. Change hand positions frequently.
• If you’re not already wearing cycling shorts with a synthetic chamois, get some! And, remember, cycling shorts are designed to be worn without underwear.
• To avoid or treat chafing/saddle sores, apply chamois cream (sold at bike shops) or other lubricant to the irritated area or the chamois in your cycling shorts.
• Bathe frequently.
• Launder your cycling clothes frequently. It’s best to rotate your cycling shorts so that you wear a clean pair each day.

TOURING TECHNIQUES

a brisk, steady cadence, using the various gears to maintain a constant cadence over varying terrain.

BRAKING AND EMERGENCIES

A cardinal rule of bicycling is to brake before you must, especially on curves and downhills. Brake just before going into a curve; then, if you need to slow down more, brake gently while in the curve. Always apply brakes gradually.

Use special caution on downhills. A loaded bicycle can accelerate rapidly, and loose gravel, rocks, vehicles and cattle guards can appear quickly when you’re moving fast.

CHALLENGING CONDITIONS

Motor traffic presents the greatest danger to the cyclist. When a vehicle overtakes you, assume that there is a line of traffic following it, and that the second driver has not seen you. Towing units and RVs are often equipped with mirror extenders that can clip an unsuspecting cyclist. Be attentive and ready to leave the road if necessary.

Watch for oil, wet leaves, opening car doors, loose gravel, railroad crossings, and foolish cyclists stopped in the roadway.

Be aware that when you are heading directly into the sun, motorists behind you are doing the same and may have difficulty seeing you. Try to avoid night riding, but if caught out after dark, use lights and wear reflective clothing. Fog can be just as dangerous; it distorts depth perception and drivers generally have less experience navigating through it.
WHAT TO TAKE AND HOW TO PACK

CLOTHING
Weight and bulk, versatility, and suitability for anticipated conditions are the primary considerations when deciding what to take along on your bicycle tour. If this is your first tour, you may find yourself sending home surplus clothing/gear once you’ve been on the bicycle a few days and discover how much—or, rather, how little—you really need for a comfortable tour.

Cycling shorts with synthetic chamois lining, cycling shoes, a helmet, raingear, tights, and cycling gloves are the best items to purchase specifically for bicycling.

When it gets chilly, it’s best to layer clothing for warmth. Avoid cotton undergarments (they trap moisture, chafe your skin and are poor insulators when wet); instead, it is best to choose synthetic fibers that wick moisture away from your skin. Next comes a wool sweater or synthetic pile jacket; both are good insulators, even when wet. Your rain/wind jacket serves as the outer layer. A breathable waterproof fabric, such as Gore-Tex, will keep you dry, and is an effective windbreak. Coated, waterproof raingear will dampen your clothing from the inside.

Also carry a light, loose-fitting, long-sleeved shirt to protect your skin from the sun. Clothes should do double duty: For example, will your off-bike outfit double as a warmth layer or sun protection?

Shoes need stiff soles to increase pedaling efficiency and to protect your feet from the sustained pressure of pedaling. Touring shoes can double as riding and walking shoes. Feet often swell slightly when riding, so choose shoes that allow free movement of your toes.

PACKING
For Inn-to-Inn touring, try to keep your load as light as is practical. You can carry all of the gear you will need in a pair of rear panniers, or an equivalent-sized trailer. Five to eight pounds is the maximum you should pack in a handlebar bag. Experiment with weight distribution to find the best results for your particular bike.

Despite sometimes being labeled “waterproof”, most panniers seem to leak when it’s raining. Roll your clothing and pack it vertically (in individual ziplock bags, if you are extremely organized!). This way you can see the end of each roll for easy identification, and it helps avoid wrinkling.

Start your trip with extra room in your panniers or trailer for items picked up along the way. The extra room will also make it easier to pack quickly.

Keep your wallet, camera and often-used items in a detachable handlebar bag or fanny pack and always take it with you when you leave the bike. Tools for fixing flats can go in your handlebar bag or a small seat bag, for easy access.

NOTE: Adventure Cycling’s Cyclosource catalog includes some of the best cycling gear available; it’s selected using the recommendations of Adventure Cycling staff and participants. adventurecycling.org/store
Modify the following list depending on your personal needs and past experiences. Keep in mind that you generally won’t need any more gear for a 90-day tour than for a 7-day tour.

**PERSONAL**

- **Cycling helmet**, Snell, ANSI, DOT and/or Consumer Safety Commission approved (required on all tours)
- **Cycling shorts**, with synthetic chamois lining (2 pair)
- **Leg warmers or tights** for riding (rain pants could substitute)
- **Short-sleeved shirt** (1 or 2)
- **Light, long-sleeved shirt** for sun protection and off-bike wear
- **Heavier long-sleeved top**
- **Rain/wind gear** (jacket and pants) Gore-Tex® or a similar waterproof, breathable fabric recommended.
- **Comfortable shorts** for off-bike wear (1 pair)
- **Comfortable pants** for off-bike wear (1 pair) Pants with zip-off legs work great
- **Underwear** (1 or 2 pair)
- **Socks** (2 or 3 pair)
- **Touring shoes**, that are good for walking as well as riding.
- **Cycling gloves**
- **Bathing suit**
- **Sandals** (optional)

**FOR MOUNTAIN OR SPRING/FALL TRIPS**

- **Wool or polypropylene hat**
- **Wool or polypropylene mittens or gloves, over thin polypro liner gloves**
- **Waterproof shoe covers**
- **Wool or polypropylene socks**

**MISCELLANEOUS**

- **Toiletries**
- **Pocket knife** (Swiss Army type is handy)
- **Lightweight lock and cable** (not a U-lock)
- **Two or three water bottles**
- **Basic First Aid Kit**
- **Bandannas**
- **Sunglasses**
- **Sunscreen**
- **Insect repellant** (depending on tour location/season)
- **Personal utensils and plastic container for lunch**

**PERSONAL TOOLS AND SPARE PARTS**

- **Tire levers/patch kit**
- **Spare tube**
- **Pump**
- **Spare spokes**
- **Allen wrenches for your bicycle**
- **Extra nuts and bolts** (particularly for racks and trailers)
- **Rearview mirror**
- **Bicycle light**
- **Any tools unique to your bicycle that are not included in the Adventure Cycling group tool kit (below)**

**GROUP TOOLS PROVIDED BY ADVENTURE CYCLING**

- Patch kit
- Tire levers
- Chain tool
- Screwdriver
- Pedal wrench
- Spoke wrench
- Open-end wrenches (8, 9, 10 mm)
- Allen wrenches (1.5, 2, 2.5, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8 mm)
- Cone wrenches (13, 14, 15, 16, mm)
- Brake cables
- Derailleur cables
- Loctite
- Grease
- Chain lube
- Electrical tape
- Assorted plastic zip ties
- Hose clamps (assorted sizes)
TRANSPORTATION TIPS FOR YOU AND YOUR BIKE

NOTE! To be safe, ship your bicycle 10 days in advance. Even if you choose an overnight or three-day shipping option, allow two or three extra days for the bicycle to arrive. No shipping company has a perfect record!

AIR VS. GROUND
You could pay up to $150, each way, to have your bike accompany you on your airline flight. Services like BikeFlights.com and shipbikes.com will ship your bike for considerably less, but you’ll need to plan ahead to utilize this option. Most bike shops at our trip starting points will accept delivery of and hold your bicycle until you arrive. Consult the shipping information in your itinerary and call ahead to make arrangements for shipment. Regardless of transportation mode, we advise insuring your bike against damage or loss.

PACKING
Don’t wait to pack your bike an hour before your (or its) departure. Plan to do this at home several days prior. If you are not confident, your local bike shop can pack it up for you. Some seasoned cyclotourists use padded carriers or hard-sided cases to ensure that their bikes are well protected during shipment. You can purchase such a carrier from your local bike shop or online. Others will use a cardboard bike box, which can usually be obtained from your local bike shop at little or no cost. For most of our shorter tours, storage will be arranged for your bike case. Please consult your tour information packet and see our website for more information on packing your bike.
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Rev 9/19